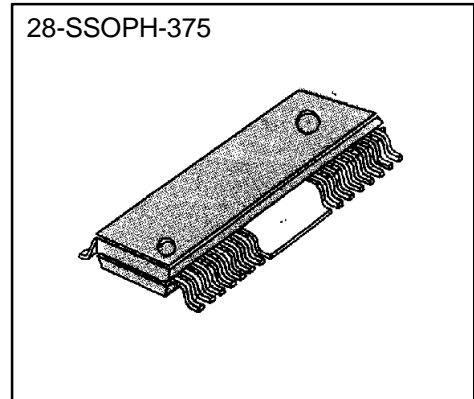


4-CH MOTOR DRIVER

The KA9258BD is a monolithic integrated circuit, and suitable for 4-CH motor driver which drives tracking actuator, focus actuator, sled motor and loading motor of CD/CD-ROM/DVD system, and can also drive spindle motor of CD system.



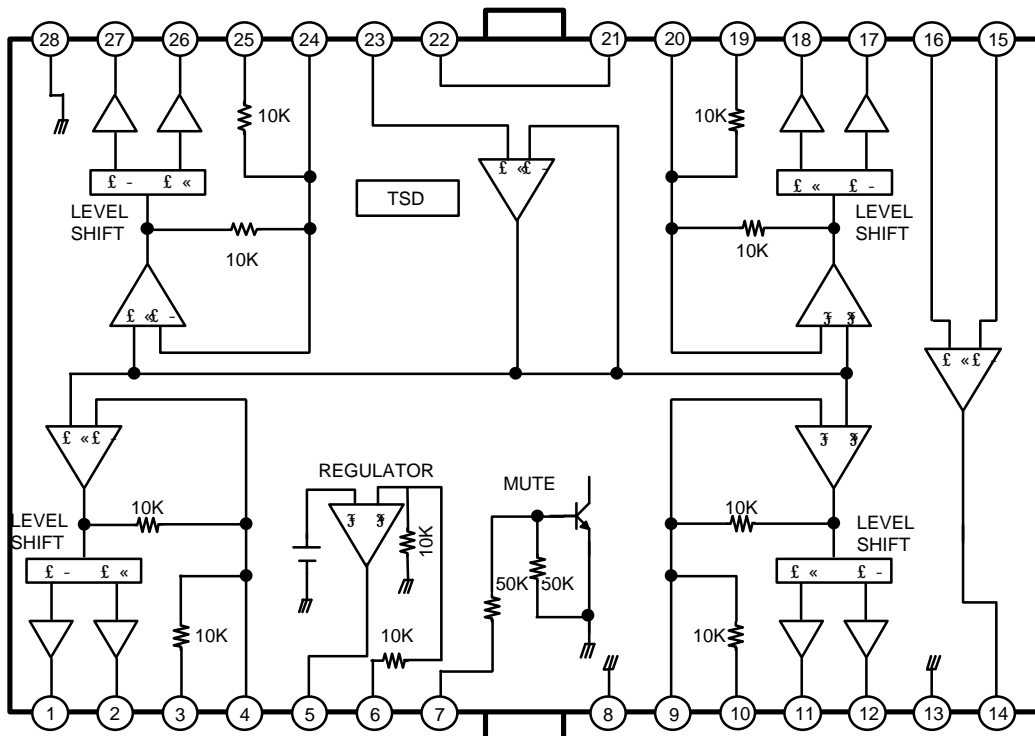
FEATURES

- 1-phase, full-wave, linear DC motor driver
- Output gain adjustable
- Built in OP-Amp
- Built in Mute function
- Built in Level shift circuit
- Built in Thermal shutdown function
- Operating Range 6~13.2V

ORDERING INFORMATION

| Device | Package | Operating Temperature |
|----------|--------------|-----------------------|
| KA9258BD | 28-SSOPH-375 | -25°C ~ +75°C |

BLOCK DIAGRAM



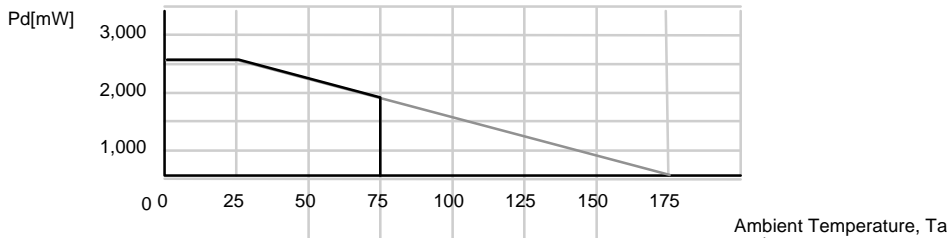
PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin No. | Symbol | I/O | Description |
|---------|----------|-----|-------------------|
| 1 | DO1.1 | O | Drive Output |
| 2 | DO1.2 | O | Dirve Output |
| 3 | DI1.1 | I | Drive Input |
| 4 | DI1.2 | I | Drive Input |
| 5 | REG | | Regulator |
| 6 | REO | O | Regulator Output |
| 7 | MUTE | I | Mute |
| 8 | GND1 | - | Ground |
| 9 | DI2.1 | I | Drive Input |
| 10 | DI2.2 | I | Drive Input |
| 11 | DO2.1 | O | Drive Output |
| 12 | DO2.2 | O | Dirve Output |
| 13 | GND2 | - | Ground |
| 14 | OPOUT | O | Opamp Output |
| 15 | OPIN (-) | I | Opamp Input (-) |
| 16 | OPIN (+) | I | Opamp Input (+) |
| 17 | DO3.1 | O | Drive Output |
| 18 | DO3.2 | O | Drive Output |
| 19 | DI3.1 | I | Drive Input |
| 20 | DI3.2 | I | Drive Input |
| 21 | VCC1 | - | Supply Voltage |
| 22 | VCC2 | - | Supply Voltage |
| 23 | VREF | I | 2.5V Bias Voltage |
| 24 | DI4.1 | I | Drive Input |
| 25 | DI4.2 | I | Drive Input |
| 26 | DO4.1 | O | Drive Output |
| 27 | DO4.2 | O | Drive Output |
| 28 | GND3 | - | Ground |

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING (Ta=25°C)

| Characteristics | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|------------------------|------------------|----------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V _{CC} | 18 | V |
| Power Dissipation | P _D | @1.7 | W |
| Operating Temperature | T _{OPR} | -25~+75 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{STG} | -55~+150 | °C |
| Maximum output current | I _{max} | 1 | A |

- @ 1. When mounted on 50mmx50mmx1mm PCB (Phenolic resin material).
- 2. Power dissipation reduces 13.6mW/°C for using above Ta=25°C
- 3. Do not exceed Pd and SOA.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, V_{CC}=8V, Unless Otherwise Specified)

A. REGULATOR PART

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|------------------|---|-------|-----|------|------|
| Regulator Output Voltage | V _{REG} | I _L =100mA | 4.75 | 5 | 5.25 | V |
| Load Regulation | ΔV _{RL} | I _L =0mA to 200mA | -40.0 | 0 | 10.0 | mV |
| Line Regulation | ΔV _{CC} | I _L =200mA, V _{CC} =6 to 9V | -10.0 | 0 | 20.0 | mV |

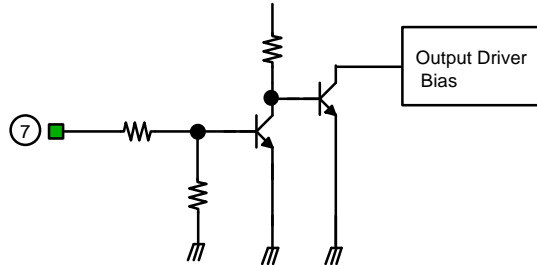
B. DRIVE PART

| Characteristics | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Quiescent Circuit Current | I _{CC} | V _I =0 | 5.5 | 9.5 | 13.5 | mA |
| Input Bias Current | I _{BOP} | V _I =0 | - | - | 300 | nA |
| Input Offset Voltage | V _{OFOP} | | -5.0 | 0 | 5.0 | mV |
| Output Offset Voltage | V _{OO} | | -30 | 0 | 30 | |
| Maximum Sink Current | I _{SNK} | R _L =4Ω, V _{CC} | 0.5 | 0.8 | - | A |
| Maximum Source Current | I _{SOU} | R _L =4Ω, GND | 0.5 | 0.8 | - | |
| Maximum Output Voltage | V _{OM} | V _I =2V _{RMS} , 1KHz | 2.5 | 3.0 | - | V |
| Closed Loop Voltage Gain | A _{VF} | V _I =0.1V _{RMS} , 1KHz | 4.5 | 6.5 | 7.5 | dB |
| Ripple Rejection Ratio | RR | V _I =-20dB, 120Hz | 60.0 | 80.0 | - | |
| Slew Rate | SR | 100Hz, Squarewave | 1.0 | 2.0 | - | V/us |

APPLICATION INFORMATION

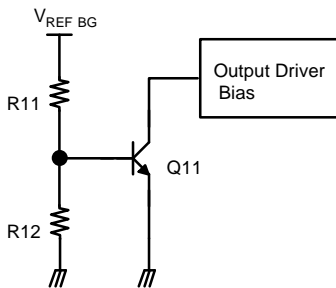
1. MUTE

| PIN# 7 | Mute Circuit |
|--------|--------------|
| HIGH | Turn-off |
| LOW | Turn-on |
| OPEN | Turn-on |



- 1) When the mute pin #7 is open or the voltage of the mute pin #7 is below 0.5V, the mute circuit is activated so that the output circuit will be muted.
- 2) When the voltage of the mute pin is above 2V, the mute circuit is stopped and the output circuit is operated normally.
- 3) If the chip temperature rises above 175°C then the TSD(Thermal Shutdown) circuit is activated and the output circuit is muted.

2. TSD(THERMAL SHUTDOWN)

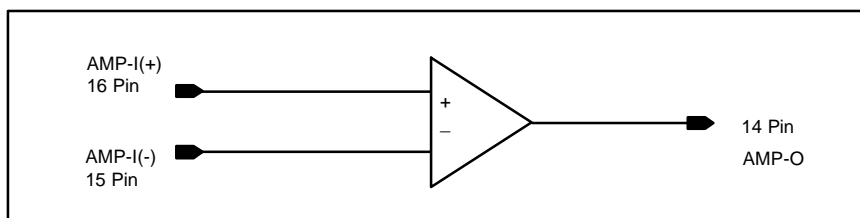


- 1) The V_{REFBG} is the output voltage of the Band-Gap-Referenced Biasing Circuit and acts as the input voltage of the TSD circuit.
- 2) The base-emitter voltage of the TR, Q11 is designed to turn-on at below voltage.

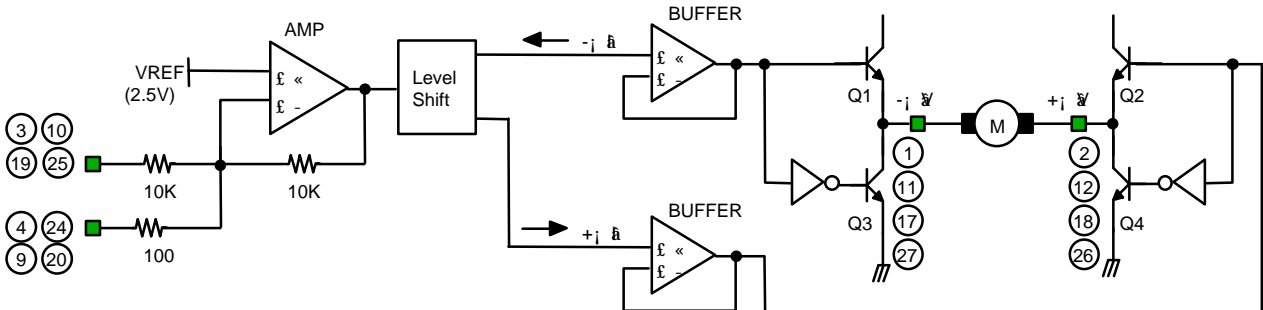
$$V_{BE} = V_{REFBG} * R12 / (R11 + R12) = 460mV$$
- 3) When the chip temperature rises up to 175°C then the turn-on voltage of the Q11 would drop down to 460mV. (Hysteresis : 25°C) Hence, the Q11 would turn on so the output circuit will be muted.

3. OP-AMP

OP-Amp is integrated in the IC for user's convenience.

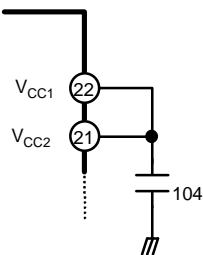


4. DRIVER



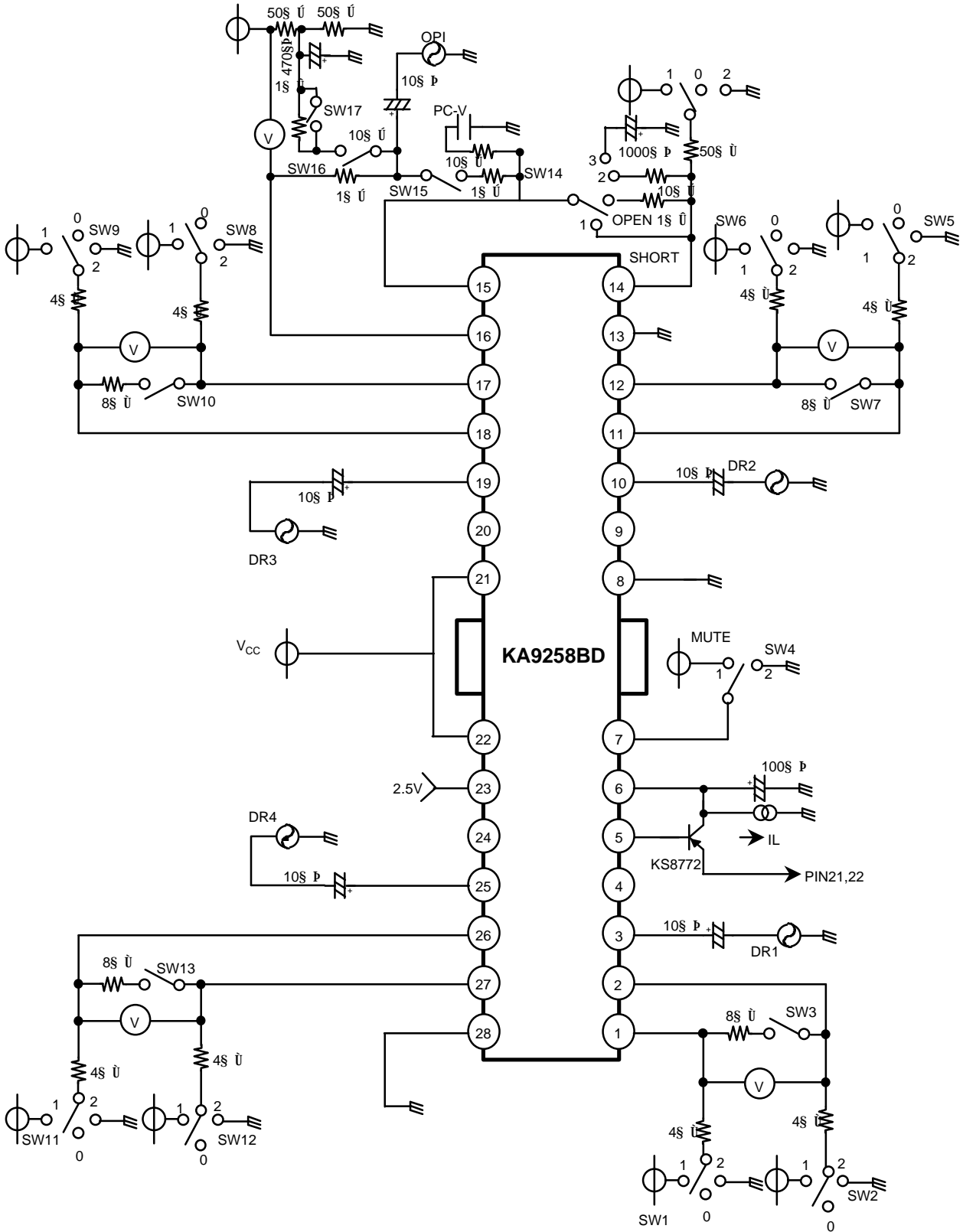
- 1) The voltage, V_{REF} , is the reference voltage given by the BIAS voltage of the pin #23.
- 2) The input signal through the pin #3 is amplified by 10K/10K times and then fed to the level shift.
- 3) The level shift produces the current due to the difference between the input signal and the arbitrary reference signal. The current produced as $+i$ and $-i$ is fed into the driver buffer.
- 4) Driver Buffer operates the power TR of the output stage according to the state of the input signal.
- 5) The output stage is the BTL Driver and the motor is rotating in forward direction by operating TR Q1 and TR Q4. On the other hand, if TR Q2 and TR Q3 is operating, the motor is rotating in reverse direction
- 6) When the input voltage through the pin #3 is below the V_{REF} , then the direction of the motor in forward direction.
- 7) When the input voltage through the pin #3 is above the V_{REF} , then the direction of the motor in reverse direction.
- 8) If it is desired to change the gain, then the pin #4 or #24 can be used.

5. Connect a by-pass capacitor, 0.1 μ F between the supply voltage source.

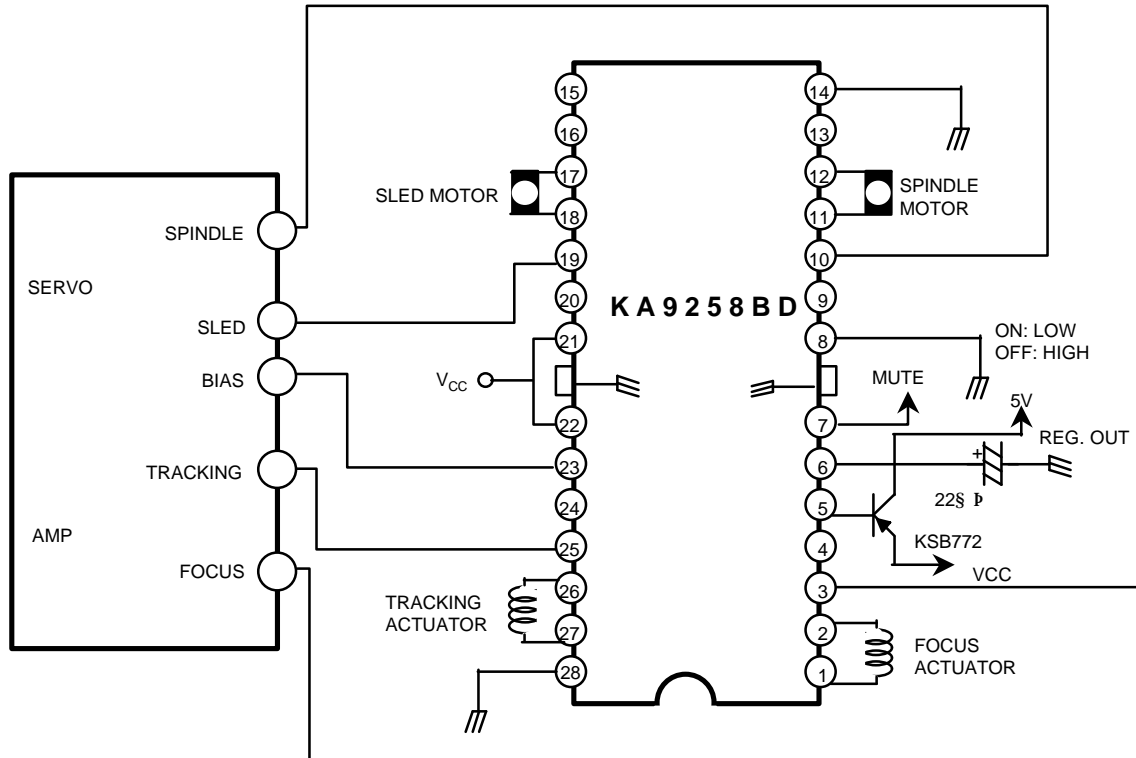


6. Radiation fin is connecting to the internal GND of the package. Connect the fin to the external GND.

TEST CIRCUIT



APPLICATION CIRCUIT



⌋ THERMAL SHUT DOWN CIRCUIT

The IC is broken down by the heat when overload condition continue for a long time. So KA9258D have thermal shut down circuit to prevent this case. At that time the temperature of IC rise over 175⌋ the circuit is operating and protect the IC against breakdown.